APPROACHES TO TACKLING MENTAL HEALTH IN THE WOORKPLACE





Dr. Karen MacNeill, Ph.D, R.Psyc.

TODAY'S OBJECTIVES

THE PROBLEM

Current state of mental health in the workplace

APPROACH

Ways employers can approach the problem

SOLUTIONS

Strategies for keeping employees mentally healthy and well





MENTAL HEALTH CONTINUUM

(Bill Howatt, 2015)

HAPPY OKAY CHRONIC STRAIN MENTAL HEALTH ISSUE

RISK

Optimal MH	Functional MH	Strained MH	MH Issue	Mental Illness
- Calm and steady	- Presents as content	- Stress is typically hard to recovery from	- Excessive anxiety/ stress	- Chronic symptoms to be managed
- Normal mood fluctuations	- Able to cope most days	- Increased fatigue	- neg. impact on quality of life	- Risk of harm
- Socially active	- Occasional loss of emotional control	- struggling to cope	- May use meds or self medicate	- Impaired functioning





DEFINITION OF TERMS

WHAT IS MENTAL HEALTH?

The capacity to feel, think and act in ways that enhance our ability to enjoy life and deal with the challenges we face (Public Health Agency of Canada, 2013)

WHAT IS MENTAL ILLNESS?

A **medical condition** that **disrupts a person's** thinking, feeling, mood, ability to relate to others, and daily functioning... resulting in a **diminished capacity** for coping with the ordinary demands of life (American Psychiatric Association)

WHAT IS A PSYCHOLOGICALLY HEALTHY WORKPLACE?

A respectful and productive environment that makes every reasonable effort to promote and protect the mental health of employees (Employment and Social Development Canada)







AN ORGANIZED, EMPLOYEE-SPONSORED PROGRAM DESIGNED TO SUPPORT EMPLOYEES AS THEY **ADOPT AND SUSTAIN BEHAVIORS** THAT REDUCE HEALTH RISKS, IMPROVE QUALITY OF LIFE, **ENHANCE PERSONAL EFFECTIVENESS, AND BENEFIT THE** ORGANIZATION'S BOTTOM LINE.

HBR, 2010



EMOTIONAL WELLBEING MOST IMPORTANT PRIORITY

EMOTIONAL 83%





PHYSICAL 63%

FINANCIAL

58%





SOCIAL

46%





CURRENT STATE OF MENTAL HEALTH







MENTAL DISORDERS AMONG THE LEADING CAUSES OF ILL-HEALTH AND DISABILITY WORLDWIDE



APPROXIMATELY 11 DEATHS PER DAY BY SUICIDE, 1 MILLION A YEAR WORLDWIDE



46% OF CANADIAN THOUGHT PEOPLE USE MENTAL ILLNESS AS AN EXCUSE



2/3 OF PEOPLE DON'T SEEK HELP DUE TO STIGMA AND DISCRIMINATION



- MHCC, WHO, STATS CAN



WORKPLACE MENTAL HEALTH



DISABILITY

Mental illness is a leading cause of disability claims in Canada.

DISEASE

Workplace burden of mental illness is 1.5 X greater than all cancers combined and 7 X greater than all infectious disease.

EAP

2/3 of depressed or anxious individuals have not sought medical care.

ACCESS

6 months to one year waitlists for counselling or therapy.





WORKPLACE STATS:

In any given week, 500,000 Canadians are unable to work due to mental health problems

Approximately, one-third of Canadian workers perceive work-related stress to be high.

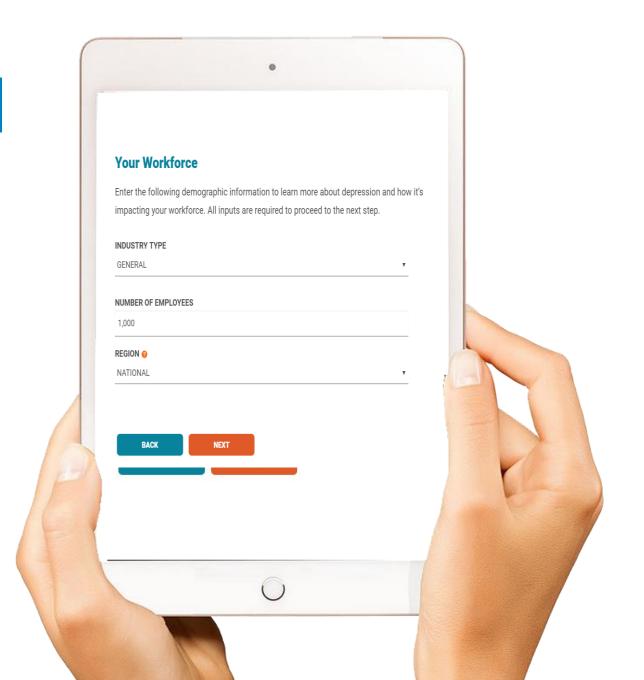
In 2011, mental health problems cost employers more than \$17.5 billion in lost productivity from absenteeism, presenteeism, and turnover.

(MHCC)



COST OF

MENTAL HEALTH:













THE PROBLEM

Mental health listed as the top disabling condition for both STD & LTD

- Willis Towers Watson, 2018

Only 1/3 of employers have a mental health strategy, with 2/3 of employees suffering with depression and anxiety not getting the help they need

- Benefits Canada, 2018







EMERGENCE OF HEALTH CULTURE

86% of employers think it is important to enhance employees total wellbeing, with emotional wellbeing as top priority compared to 29% over last three years

- (Willis Towers Watson, 2018)

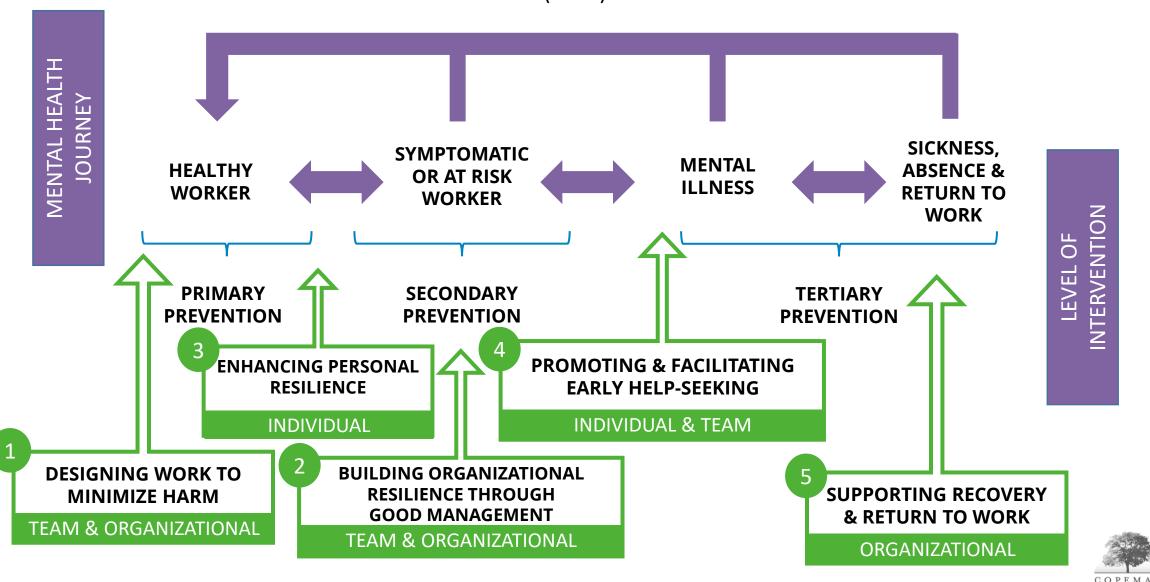
Mental health strategy will be essential:

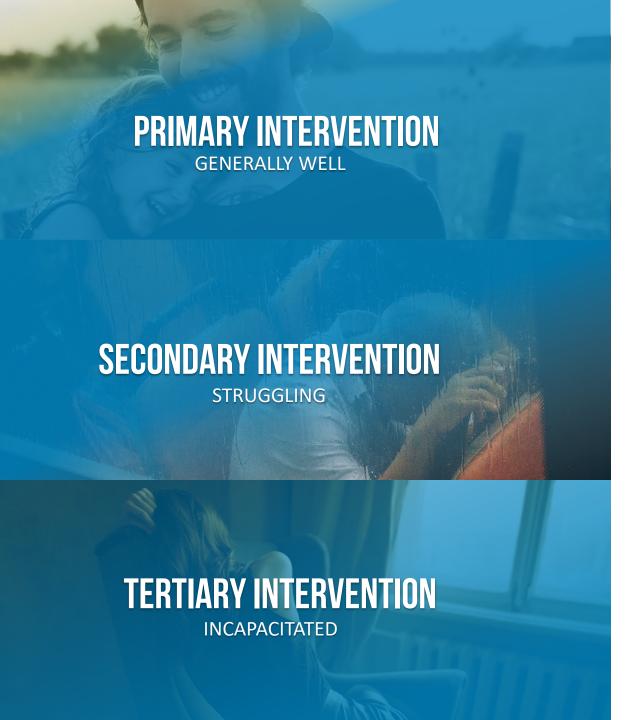
- Plan
- Do
- Check
- Act



MULTIPLE LEVELS OF INTERVENTION

Glozier (2017)





SOLUTIONS

- Resilience building
- Mindfulness
- Awareness
- Mental health education & prevention
- Mental health stigma reduction
- eMental health

SOLUTIONS

- Employee screening and guidance
- Peer support programming
- Leadership awareness training
- CBT coaching and training
- Mindfulness

SOLUTIONS

- Employee assistance programing
- In house psychological support
- Short and long term disability
- Return to work programming













WHAT THE SCIENCE SAYS:

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Rothstein, 2008)











SOLUTIONS

EAP PROGRAMS



AWARENESS & EARLY SCREENING



RESILIENCE TRAINING PROGRAMS



MINDFULNESS

DIGITAL
MENTAL HEALTH



• CBT



49% OF DEPRESSED OR ANXIOUS INDIVIDUALS HAVE NOT SOUGHT MEDICAL CARE

EVEN THOUGH 77% OF EMPLOYERS PROVIDE EAPS TO THEIR EMPLOYEES IN 2017, PARTICIPATION IS VERY LOW

- BIGGEST BARRIERS: STIGMA AND TIME

(heart and stroke foundation)

Research suggests that each dollar invested in <u>wellness-based</u> EAP generates a \$7 savings in healthcare-related costs

(University of Louisville, 2017)







THE MENTAL HEALTH CONTINUUM MODEL



HEALTHY REACTING INJURED ILL

CATEGORIZES MENTAL HEALTH ON A CONTINUUM WITH INDICATORS OF DECLINING MENTAL HEALTH, BUT LACKS DIAGNOSTIC LABELS





RESILIENCE TRAINING

Resilience training approaches seek to enhance employee resilience by developing personal assets improving their ability to cope with, and recover from, work demands and stressors.

• A REVIEW OF WORKPLACE RESILIENCE TRAINING **IMPROVED PERFORMANCE OVERALL**

(ROBERTSON ET AL., 2015)



RESILIENCE TRAINING TOPICS

Resilience training in the workplace may focus on content areas such as:



Overcoming Interpersonal Challenges



Managing Emotions



Coping With Work-Related Stress



Dealing With Difficult People



Improving Communication Skills



Taking On New Challenges Successfully



Guarding
Against Burnout
and Overload



Remaining Calm Under Pressure



Improving Sleep Habits



Improving Physical Health





MINDFULNESS TRAINING

MINDFULNESS: Intention to have deep awareness of the present moment in an open and curious way.

 Research shows that mindfulness has a number of physical and psychological benefits.

• Mindfulness acts as a stress buffer as more interoceptive awareness and emotion regulation results in less distress/ anxiety and improved mental health. (Chu, 2012; Adele et al., 2016)





MINDFULNESS AT WORK



REDUCE STRESS
& ANXIETY

(Fennell, 2016; Kim, 2013)



IMPROVED SLEEP

(Carlson, 2005; Ong, 2014)



IMPROVED FOCUS
& ATTENTION

Hyland 2015; Zeiden, 2010)



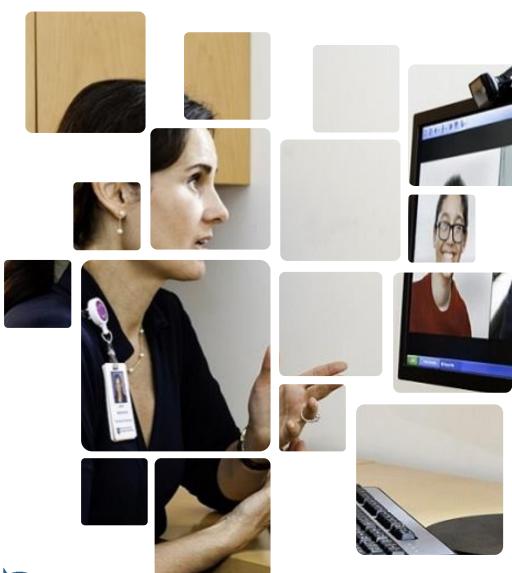
PERFORMANCE & RELATIONSHIPS

(Hyland, 2015 Glomb, 2012;)









iCBT AND TAICBT

- Therapist Assisted internet delivered CBT
- I-cbt is now a second line treatment for depression, according to the canmat guidelines.
- Health Quality Ontario recommends publicly funding guided internet-delivered cognitive behavioural therapy for mild to moderate major depression and anxiety disorder
- iCBT for the anxiety and depressive disorders is effective, acceptable and practical health care. (Andrews, 2017)





THE DOWNLOAD FOR YOUR WORKPLACE

EMPLOYERS NEED
 A MENTAL HEALTH
 STRATEGY



MENTAL HEALTH
 SOLUTIONS MUST BE
 EVIDENCE-BASED &
 ENGAGING

APPROACHES NEED TO ADDRESS
 DIFFERENT LEVELS OF INTERVENTION







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